हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों से करों की वसूली

3413. **श्री राघवजी:** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) 31 दिसम्बर, 1991 को हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों में क्रमशः विनिर्दिष्ट और गैर विनिर्दिष्ट आयकर दाताओं की संख्या कितनी थी; और

(ख) 1988-89 से 1991-92 तक के कर-निर्धारण वर्षों के दौरान हिंदू अविभाजित परिवारों की दोनों श्रेणियों में करदाताओं से वर्षवार कितना-कितना आयकर और सम्पत्ति कर वसूल किया गया था?

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री रामेश्वर ठाकुर): (क) और (ख) वित्त वर्ष 1990-91 के दौरान आयकर-निर्धारिती हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों की संख्या 3,80,680 थी। विनिर्दिष्ट तथा गैर-विनिर्दिष्ट आयकर-निर्धारिती हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों के अलग-अलग ब्यौरे नहीं रखे जाते हैं।

विभिन्न श्रेणियों के हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों द्वारा अदा किए गए आयकर तथा धनकर से संबंधित आंकड़े आयकर विभाग द्वारा संकलित नहीं किए जाते हैं।

Financial Assistance under National Equity Fund Scheme for S.S.I. Units

3414. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA:
SHRIMATI PRATIBHA SINGH: will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that financial assistance under national equity fund scheme/soft seed capital assistance of Small Industires Development Bank of India is made available to entrepreneurs availing financial assistance under single window loan scheme for setting up of new SSI Units having maximum project cost upto Rs. 10 lakhs, irrespective of the population criteria whatsoever, for instant generation of high growth rate of employment to eradicate proverty and unemployment under the New Liberal Policy for small sector;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) if reply to part (a) above is in negative what are the financial and economic loss and disadvantages SIDBI is likely to incur for providing financial assistance under national equity fund scheme for providing soft seed capital assistance having population exceeding five lakhs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) and (b) It has been reported by SIDBI that in line with the new policy measures for promoting and strengthening of small, tiny and village enterprises, the scope of the National Equity Fund (NEF) Scheme has been widened to cover projects upto Rs. 10 lakhs for equity support upto Rs. 1.5 lakhs (15% of the project cost). The thrust of the scheme is to encourage SSI units in village and small towns. Hence the assistance is available to new units in the small scale sector located in areas having population upto 5 lakhs. The units eligible for seed capital assistance under the NEF scheme can also avail of the working capital assistance under SIDBI's Single Window Scheme (SWS) earlier operated through SFCs and twin function IDCs and now also channelised through commercial banks.

(c) It is not possible to assess the extent of loss likely to be incurred by SIDBI in the event of a delinking of the population criterion under the NEF Scheme, as this will be dependent on the number of additional enterprises which will become eligible for assistance under the Scheme, a precise quantification of which is problematic.

Schemes Offered by Delhi Finance Corporation

3415. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA:
SHRIMATI PRATIBHA SINGH: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names and details of various schemes stipulated by the Delhi Finance Corporation, New Delhi for liberal financial assistance;

(b) whether it is a fact that Delhi Finance Corporation has recently introduce equipment and commercial vehicle leasing schemes at very liberal terms to generate high growth rate of employment and to eradicate poverty;

(c) if so, what are the details of such schemes and particulars of liberal terms offered; and

(d) what are the names and details of schemes which have been modified and new ones added, maximum financial assistance offered and details of their liberal terms, scheme-wise?